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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of: :
James A. Westhoff : Group Art Unit: n/a
James A. Kelly : Examiner: n/a
Serial No. n/a :
Filed: herewith :
For: **MANHOLE STEP INSERT FOR PREVENTING SEEPAGE DURING
MANUFACTURE OF A CAST MEMBER AND TO PROVIDE A STEP INSERT
HAVING INCREASED STRUCTURAL AND HOLDING STRENGTH**

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Box Patent Application
 Provisional Design Sequence

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington DC 20231

Sir:

PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER

Transmitted herewith for filing, please find

A Utility Patent Application.

If this is a continuing application, please check appropriate box:

continuation divisional continuation-in-part of prior application
number _____ filed on _____.

A Provisional Patent Application.

A Design Patent Application (submitted in duplicate).

Including the following:

- Provisional Application Cover Sheet.
- New or Revised Specification, including pages 1 to 46 containing:
 - Specification (30 pages)
 - Claims (15 pages)
 - Abstract (1 pages)
- A copy of earlier application Serial No. _____ Filed _____ to which no new matter has been added TOGETHER WITH a copy of the executed oath or declaration for such earlier application and all drawings and appendices. Such earlier application is hereby incorporated into the present application by reference.
- Please enter the following amendment to the Specification under the Cross Reference to Related Applications section (or create such a section) : "This Application is a _____ continuation or _____ divisional of Application Serial No. filed _____."
- Signed Statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application.
- A Preliminary Amendment.
- Nine (9) Sheets of Formal Informal Drawings.
- Petition to Accept Photographic Drawings.
 - Petition Fee
- An Executed Unexecuted Declaration or Oath and Power of Attorney.
- An Executed Copy of Executed Assignment of the Invention to _____
- A Recordation Form Cover Sheet.
- Recordation Fee - \$40.00.
- Priority is claimed under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of application Serial No. _____ filed _____ in _____ (country).

A Certified Copy of each of the following applications for which priority is claimed:
 is enclosed.
 has been filed in prior application Serial No. _____ filed _____.

 An Executed Unexecuted Copy of Earlier Statement Claiming Small Entity Status under 37 C.F.R. 1.9 and 1.27
 is enclosed
 has been filed in prior application Serial No. _____ filed _____, said status is still proper and desired in present case.

 Priority is claimed under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of provisional application Serial No. 60/100,234 filed September 15, 1998.

 Information Disclosure Statement.

 Attached Form 1449.
 Copies of each of the references listed on the attached Form PTO-1449 are enclosed herewith.

 A copy of Petition for Extension of Time as filed in the prior case.

 Appended Material as follows: _____

 Return Receipt Postcard (should be specifically itemized).

 Other as follows: _____

FEES CALCULATION

		SMALL ENTITY		NOT SMALL ENTITY	
		RATE	Fee	RATE	Fee
PROVISIONAL APPLICATION		\$75.00	\$	\$150.00	\$
DESIGN APPLICATION		\$155.00	\$	\$310.00	\$
UTILITY APPLICATIONS BASE FEE		\$380.00	\$380	\$760.00	\$
UTILITY APPLICATION; ALL CLAIMS CALCULATED AFTER ENTRY OF ALL AMENDMENTS					
	No. Filed	No. Extra			
TOTAL CLAIMS	40 - 20 =	20	\$9 each	\$180	\$18 each
INDEP. CLAIMS	9 - 3 =	6	\$39 each	\$234	\$78 each
FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM			\$130	\$	\$260
ADDITIONAL FILING FEE			\$		\$
TOTAL FILING FEE DUE			\$794.00		\$

X A Check is enclosed in the amount of \$ 794.00 (Check No. 1902).

The Commissioner is hereby requested to grant an extension of time for the appropriate length of time, should one be necessary, in connection with this filing or any future filing submitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office in the above-identified application during the pendency of this application. The Commissioner is further authorized to charge any fees related to any such extension of time to deposit account 23-0815. This sheet is provided in duplicate.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge payment of the following fees and to refund any overpayment associated with this communication or during the pendency of this application to deposit account 23-0815. This sheet is provided in duplicate.

The foregoing amount due.

Any additional filing fees required, including fees for the presentation of extra claims under 37 C.F.R. 1.16.

Any additional patent application processing fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.17 or 1.20(d).

The issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance.

SHOULD ANY DEFICIENCIES APPEAR with respect to this application, including deficiencies in payment of fees, missing parts of the application or otherwise, the United States Patent and Trademark Office is respectfully requested to promptly notify the undersigned.

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to method and apparatus for producing cast concrete members and the like and more particularly to a method and apparatus for producing cast members in which members utilized to form step inserts and/or to support reinforcement members are provided with means to prevent undesirable seepage of the cast material and thereby retain the cast material into the mold assemblies within the mold assembly as the cast material sets.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is well known in the art to provide manhole assemblies with steps to facilitate a descent into and ascent from the manhole assembly through the top opening thereof.

One of the preferred techniques is described, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 3,974,615 issued August 17, 1976, assigned to the assignee of the present invention, which patent teaches the use of hollow plastic manhole step inserts releasably mounted to an inner mold member of a mold assembly. The cast material is poured into the mold assembly and when set, the cast member is withdrawn from the mold assembly. Mounting flanges provided at the open end of the manhole step inserts are arranged to break away from the main body portion of the manhole step

insert when the cast member is lifted out of the mold assembly, leaving the manhole step inserts imbedded in the cast material. A pair of such inserts is adapted to receive the free ends of a 5 substantially U-shaped step member, which free ends are force-fitted into the hollow manhole step inserts forming an excellent force fit there between.

The aforementioned U.S. Patent No. 10 3,974,615 teaches manhole step inserts having two pairs of flanges arranged at right angles relative to one another. One pair of flanges engages an internal surface of the inner mold member while the other pair of flanges is bent inwardly to pass 15 through a substantially rectangular-shaped opening in the inner mold shell so that the two pairs of flanges cooperate to embrace the inner mold shell therebetween to maintain the manhole step insert in proper position preparatory to pouring the cast 20 material into the mold assembly.

In order to simplify the mounting of the manhole step insert to the inner mold shell and in order to avoid the need for flexing the pair of flanges which are passed through the rectangular 25 shaped opening and which may prematurely break due to said flexing, a design has been developed in which a pair of insertion slots are precision cut into a blank member which is inserted into an opening in the inner mold shell and preferably 30 welded thereto.

Figure 1a shows a conventional arrangement in which the step insert 10a shown in Figs. 1b, and 1c comprises a hollow housing having a closed end 10a, four (4) elongated sides 10b 35 through 10e and an open end 10f. A pair of flanges

10g and 10h are integrally joined to the right-hand ends of sides 10b and 10d. A second pair of flanges 10j and 10k are integrally joined to the right-hand ends of sides 10c and 10e. Flanges 10j and 10k extend further to the right than flanges 10g and 10h before bending outwardly.

Rectangular-shaped openings are cut into the inner mold shell 12. One such rectangular shaped opening 12a receives a blank 14 fitted into opening 12a and preferably fixedly secured thereto such as by welding. A pair of slots 15, 16 are precision cut into blank 14 so that the left-hand ends 15b, 16b of slots 15 and 16 have a width greater than the right hand ends 15a, 16a of slots 15 and 16.

The increased width of slot portions 15b and 16b is chosen to be sufficient to permit insertion of the flanges 10j, 10k therethrough. The manner of insertion is such that the step insert 10 is aligned so that the flanges 10j, 10k are moved into alignment with the slot portion 15b, 16b. The step insert 10 is then moved in the direction shown by arrow A to press tabs 10j, 10k through slots 15b, 16b so that they are clear of the slots and extend slightly beyond the concave surface of inner mold shell 12. At this time, the step insert is moved to the right so that the projecting portions 10j-1, 10k-1, are fitted in the narrow slots 15a, 16a and flanges 10j, 10k rest against the concave surface of inner mold shell 12 extending respectfully upwardly and downwardly from narrow slot portion 15a, 16a. Flanges 10g and 10h rest against the convex surface of the blank 14.

Cast material is poured between the inner and outer mold shells 12, 18. When the cast

material (typically concrete) is set, the cast member is removed from the mold assembly, typically by lifting the cast member vertically upward. The flanges 10j, 10k break away from the main body of 5 the step insert 10. Fig. 1c shows the jagged edges E where the flanges 10j, 10k have broken away from the main body portion 10. Either a substantially U-shaped aluminum step 20 or plastic polypropylene 10 step 22 is inserted into the step inserts by movement of the free arms 20a, 22a which are 15 pressed or driven into an interference fit within the hollow interior of the step inserts (only half of each of the aluminum (20) and plastic polypropylene (22) step is shown in Fig. 1c for purposes of simplicity.

The insert 10 is preferably made of polypropylene which has a life expectancy exceeding concrete itself and further exhibits excellent chemical resistance. The inserts 10 tend to serve 20 as a protective shield against dissimilar material reaction such as an electrolysis of aluminum and concrete. The insert meets requirements of all ASTM C-478 § 12 and Performance Test Procedures of ASTM C-497.

25 The insert 10 design shown in Figs. 1a-1c has a disadvantage that seepage occurs through the larger width slots 15b, 16b provided in the blank 14 while the concrete is being poured into the mold assembly. More specifically, fines were 30 found to seep through the wider slot areas 15b, 16b and enter into the mechanical hinge work provided for release of the cast member. Additional problems occurred when the cured concrete parts stripped out of forms were found to exhibit a 35 honeycomb structure in the region where the fines

bled through.

A number of conventional step members utilized in manhole assemblies and the like have been provided with substantially rectangular and in 5 most cases square-shaped, cross-sectional shapes, as can be seen in Fig. 1c. Other step members adapted for insertion into the step inserts are designed to have circular cross-sections. In addition, as can be seen from Fig. 5a, a major 10 portion of the insertable portion of each leg of the step is provided with a generally saw-tooth-shaped configuration wherein the saw-tooth configuration is of such a nature as to facilitate insertion of the legs to the step into each step 15 insert while providing a frictional fit of significantly increased gripping force which acts against a force acting in the direction to withdraw the step legs from the insert.

The steps of circular cross-section thus 20 require a step insert of a design and shape which conforms with and cooperates with the design and shape of the steps whose legs are adapted to be inserted therein.

Manhole assemblies are typically 25 produced through either a drycast or a wetcast method, both of which methods are well known in the art.

Utilizing one conventional drycast method, the granulated casting material is placed 30 into the mold assembly which is vibrated and packed down to assure that the dry casting material is evenly and densely packed within the mold assembly. When the casting material has been filled to the appropriate level within the mold assembly and 35 appropriately compacted, the core portion of the

5 mold extends a pair of reciprocating pins, which
are operated by hydraulic means, into the casting
material to form openings within the cast material
of a size appropriate for receiving the legs of a
10 step. In the conventional technique, the
tremendous pressures developed within the casting
material cause these openings to "sag" or become
"off-round" when the pins are removed and the
openings often accumulate some of the cast material
15 when the cast member is removed from the mold
assembly which necessitates the operators employing
a drill or other device to reopen or "reround"
the openings to enable the legs of a step to be
20 inserted therein.

25 15 The hydraulically-operated pins which
create the step openings typically extend from a
core mold member which has a curved, convex outer
periphery. The casting material entering into the
20 openings in the region between the pins and the
opening in the core member through which the pins
extend, serves to render the pins inoperative and
possibly even causing damage to the mechanism. At
the minimum, the entry of fines into the mechanism
25 require regular maintenance to maintain the
mechanism in operating condition, which
disadvantages are to be avoided.

30 In the employment of the wetcast method,
there has heretofore been no step insert available
which is inserted into the casting material by
hydraulically operated pins.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

35 The present invention, in one embodiment, is characterized by comprising a step
insert design for use with steps having insertable

portions of rectangular cross section and which overcomes the seepage problems through the provision of integral cover tabs provided on at least one of the supporting flanges for 5 substantially covering and sealing the larger slot portions when the insert is properly mounted within the precision cut slots to protect against seepage.

The cover tabs may be utilized on other mounting members to prevent the aforementioned seepage. For 10 example, the supports used for supporting wire reinforcements embedded in the cast member are similarly provided with mounting flanges from for 15 slidable insertion into precision cut slots within blanks provided therefore. The support is provided with cover tabs for covering the slots of greater width to prevent seepage of cast material there-through when the cooperating flanges of the support are properly seated within the precision cut slots.

The present invention further comprises 20 a step insert design for use with steps having circular-shaped insertion portions, said insert having a substantially circular cross-section and being provided with an open end and closed end. The closed end has a substantially flat surface which 25 forms an angle with the longitudinal axis of the step insert which aligns with the opening in the curved convex surface of the mold assembly core member. The insert is designed to fit over a free end of a circular-shaped, hydraulically operated 30 pin and is provided with at least one alignment slot which cooperates with an alignment projection provided along a shoulder of the pin to assure proper angular orientation of the insert closed end on the insertion pin.

35 The insert is mounted upon the pin and,

when properly positioned, has its end cap substantially flush with the convex surface of the mold assembly core member and has an outer diameter which is just slightly less than the inner diameter 5 of the opening which it substantially seals, to prevent seepage of fines into the mold assembly mechanism.

The outer periphery of the insert is provided with a plurality of outwardly radially 10 extending annular flanges therealong which serve to significantly enhance the holding power of the dry cast concrete upon the insert.

The closed end of the insert is increased in thickness as compared with the 15 remainder of the insert to significantly enhance the structural strength of the insert as it is pushed into the drycast material.

The interior periphery of the insert is provided with annular serrations of a "one way" 20 type in that the tapered, annular projections are diagonally aligned along one surface thereof so as to make it easier to insert the leg portion of a step while the opposite surface is substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 25 insert, thereby significantly increasing the frictional fit between the leg portion and the insert to act against forces working in the direction of removal of a leg of a step out of the insert.

30 The sloping, closed end wall of the insert, in addition to substantially sealing the opening in the core member, lies a substantially uniform distance from the outer convex periphery of the cast member so as not to alter, affect or 35 disturb the structural strength of the cast member.

One insert utilized in the fabrication of the cast members using the wetcast method has a open end and a closed end. The open end lies in a plane which forms an angle with a longitudinal axis 5 of the insert and is provided with a flange adapted to rest against an opening in the mold assembly core member. A plurality of flexible, hook-like ears or projections extend away from the diagonally aligned flange and are arranged, preferably at 10 equiangular-spaced intervals about the insert so as to make a snap-fit with a marginal portion of the opening to hold the insert into position preparatory to in filling of the mold assembly with the wetcast material. The flange seals the opening 15 to prevent fines from entering into the mold assembly mechanism.

The ears are designed to snap off due to a shearing force applied thereto as the cast member, after having been set, is pulled away from 20 the form. Heretofore, inserts utilized in the wetcast method for providing inserts for circular-shaped step members employ a pin which is inserted into the mold assembly during casting. The pin is then removed from the cast member after it has set 25 and is removed from the form. This technique requires an undesirable additional manufacturing step and further fails to provide an opening for the leg of the step which has the supporting strength and holding force of the insert of the 30 present invention.

Another preferred insert embodiment for use in the wetcast method is comprised of an assembly of first and second hollow, cylindrical molded plastic members. A first member has a 35 diagonally aligned flange intermediate its open

ends and has axially aligned slots on opposite sides of the flange. A bead provided on one end of the first member slides into a step tube welded to a mold core member and aligned with an opening in 5 the core. The slots allow the member one end to be pressed inwardly by the tube, providing a good press-fit between the step tube and the first member.

The second member generally resembles 10 the embodiment described above and has a open end and a closed end. The open end lies in a plane which forms a right-angle with a longitudinal axis of the insert and is provided with a flange adapted to rest against an opening in the mold assembly 15 core member. The open end of the second member is force-fitted into a second end of the first member. The diagonally-aligned flange on the first member, engages a marginal portion of the core surrounding the opening in the core to hold the insert assembly 20 in the proper position and to further seal the opening in the core mold member as the casting material is poured into the mold assembly.

The first member is scored in the region 25 of the diagonally-aligned flange on the side of the first member extending into the cast member, enabling the portion of the first member extending into to cast member to easily break away from both the second member and the cast member when the cast member, after having set, is pulled out of the mold 30 assembly. The portion of the first member remaining in the step tube is removed from the step tube in readiness for receipt of a first member of another insert assembly in preparation for molding another cast member.

OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore one object of the present invention to provide an integral cover tab on members utilized in the production of cast members for sealing precision cut mounting slots during the casting operation to prevent seepage there through.

It is another object of the present invention to provide an integral cover tab on wire reinforcement support members utilized in the production of cast members for sealing precision cut mounting slots during the casting operation to prevent seepage there through.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide an integral cover tab on manhole step insert members utilized in the production of cast members for sealing precision cut mounting slots during the casting operation to prevent seepage there through.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a novel insert for cast members produced employing the wetcast method and which is adapted to receive the insertable leg of a step having a circular cross-section.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide a novel insert for use in a drycast method and which is designed to prevent seepage of the cast material into the mechanism of the mold assembly.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide a novel step for use in a wetcast method wherein the insert is keyed to a insertion pin to assure proper mounting and alignment thereof.

Still another object of the present

invention is to provide a novel insert for step members produced in either a wetcast or drycast method and having an internal serrated design which provides increased frictional holding forces acting 5 against forces which may be applied in a direction to pull the step out of the insert.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a novel two-piece insert for cast members produced employing the 10 wetcast method and which is adapted to receive the insertable leg of a step having a circular cross-section.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a novel two-piece 15 insert for cast members produced employing the wetcast method and which is adapted to seal the opening in the core mold member during casting of a mold member.

20 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES**

The above as well as other objects of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the specification and drawings of the present invention, in which:

25 Figure 1a is a perspective view of a conventional manhole step insert.

Figs. 1b and 1c are perspective views useful in explaining the manner in which the insert of Fig. 1a is utilized.

30 Fig. 2a is a perspective view of a manhole step insert embodying the principles of the present invention.

Fig. 2b is a perspective view showing a portion of a mold assembly and the manner in which 35 the manhole step insert of Fig. 2a is utilized to

prevent seepage.

Fig. 3 is a detailed plan view showing a blank having precision cut slots of the type employed in Figs. 1b and 2b which is useful in 5 explaining the detailed structure thereof.

Figs. 4a, 4b and 4c respectively show top, side and front views of a support incorporating the protective cover tabs.

Fig. 5 is a top plan view showing a step 10 having an insertable portion thereof provided with a circular cross section.

Fig. 6 show a cross section of an insert designed in accordance with the principles of the present invention and which is usable with the 15 steps of Fig. 5.

Fig. 6a is an end view of the insert of Fig. 6.

Fig. 7 shows the developmental steps employed in the utilization of the step insert of 20 Fig. 6 when using the wetcast method.

Fig. 8 shows the developmental steps employed in the utilization of the step insert of Fig. 6 when using the drycast method.

Fig. 9 is an exploded view of a two-piece insert assembly for use in the wetcast method. 25

Fig. 10 shows the developmental steps employed in the utilization of the two-piece step insert assembly of Fig. 9 when using the wetcast 30 method.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION AND PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS THEREOF

Fig. 2a shows a manhole step insert 10' 35 embodying the principles of the present invention

and which has been labeled such that like numerals as between Figs. 1a and 2a designate like elements and a description of only the new elements will be provided herein for purposes of simplicity.

5 The flange 10g of the conventional manhole step insert 10 shown in Fig. 1a is replaced by a new cover tab structure 10g' integrally joined to the right-hand end of sidewall 10b and having cover tab portions 10g-1 and 10g-2.

10 Making reference to Figs. 2a and 2b the manhole step insert 10' is aligned so that its cover tabs 10g-2 and 10g-1 extend in a leftward direction. Step insert 10' is in a position so that the flanges 10k and 10j are in alignment with 15 the wide diameter slot portions 15b, 16b respectively. The flanges 10k and 10j are pushed through slot portion 15b, 16b, which are of a width sufficient to enable flanges 10k and 10j to be pushed there-through.

20 The manhole step insert 10' is pushed until it is flange 10j and cover tabs 10g-1, 10g-2 engage the convex surface of the inner mold shell 12 at which time the flanges 10k, 10j are clear of the slots 15b, 16b. At this time, the manhole step 25 insert 10' is pushed to slide in a rightward direction so that the extension portions 10k-1, 10j-1 respectively joined to flanges 10k and 10j enter into the narrow width slot portions 15a, 16a. Further sliding is prevented when the right-hand 30 edges of projections 10j-1 and 10k-1 respectively abut against the right hand ends of slots 15a, 16a. At this time, cover tabs 10g-2 and 10g-1 extend over and substantially seal slots 15b, 16b. When 35 all of the manhole step inserts 10' are mounted in this fashion, the mold assembly is filled with cast

material (typically concrete). The cover tabs 10g-1, 10g-2 substantially seal slot portions 15b, 16b preventing any seepage therethrough and further preventing the occurrence of a honeycomb structure 5 typically encountered when using conventional manhole step inserts lacking the cover tabs of the present invention.

Figs. 4a, 4b and 4c show still another embodiment 30 for slidable mounting to a mold member and utilized as a support for wire hoops employed in cast members to enhance structural strength of the cast member and functioning in the same manner as the embodiments described in detail 10 in co-pending application Serial No. 08/853,515 15 filed May 9, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference thereto.

The support 30 has a main body portion 31 which is wider at its left-hand end and tapers to a narrow right-hand end 31a. A lower 20 reinforcement flange 32 is integrally joined to the lower end of main body portion 31 forming a substantially inverted T-shaped configuration. A left-hand end reinforcement flange 33 is integrally joined to the left-hand end of main body portion 31 25 forming a substantially T-shaped cross section as shown best in Fig. 3a.

The top end of main body portion 31 is joined to an integral upper reinforcement flange 34 forming a substantially T-shaped cross section with 30 main body portion 31. A substantially oval-shaped slot 31b is formed in main body portion 31. The portion 34a of upper flange 34 immediately above slot 31b is likewise removed to enable insertion of a wire hoop into the slot 31b.

35 A pair of supporting flanges 35 and 36

are joined at the left-hand (i.e., mounting) end of the support 30, the upper flange located at the corner defining the merger between flanges 33 and 34 and the lower mounting flange 36 being located 5 at the corner defining the merger of flanges 32 and 33.

Flanges 32 and 34, as can best be seen in Figs. 3a and 3c, have a tapered shape and are wider at their left-hand ends where they merge with 10 flange 33, and taper to a narrow width where they terminate together with the right-hand end 31a of main body portion 31.

Upper mounting flange 35 has a flange portion 35a extending away from flange 33 and a portion 35b extending upwardly and at right angles from flange portion 35a. Similarly, the mounting flange 36 has a flange portion 36a extending away from flange 33 and a flange portion 36b extending downwardly and at right angles from flange portion 20 36a. The width of flanges 35 and 36 can be seen to be equal to the maximum width of flanges 32 and 34 as well as the substantially constant width of flange 33. A flange 39 integrally joined to one vertical side of reinforcement flange 33a extends 25 outwardly therefrom and is provided with cover tabs 39a, 39b.

The manner in which the support 30 is mounted within a mold assembly can be best understood from a consideration of Fig. 3, together 30 with Figs. 4a through 4c.

One of the mold members, preferably the mold member defining the interior wall of the man-hole to be cast is provided with a pair of elongated slots 41 and 42 (similar to the slots 15 35 and 16 shown in Figs. 1b and 2b). Slot 41 has a

slot portion 41a which has a width greater than the width of slot portion 41b. Similarly, elongated slot 42 has a slot portion 42a of a width greater than the slot portion 42b and preferably of a width 5 greater than the slot portion 41a.

The manner in which the support 30 is mounted into the precision cut slots is as follows:

The support 30 is tilted so that its end 31a is swung through an angle from the horizontal 10 position shown in Fig. 4b to the dotted line position 30, also shown in Fig. 4b.

With the support 30 at the orientation 30', the flange 35 is brought substantially into alignment with slot portion 41a and flange portion 15 35b is slipped into slot portion 41a (the width w1 of slot portion 41a is slightly less than the height h of flange portion 35b).

With the flange portion 35b now inserted into slot portion 41a, the support is tilted 20 downwardly to move flange 36 into alignment with slot portion 42b. Sufficient clearance is provided to allow flange portion 36b to enter into slot portion 42a (the width w2 of slot portion 42a is slightly greater than the height h of flange 36b). 25 The left-hand surface 33a of vertical flange 33 is positioned against the region R between slots 41a and 42a. With support 30 in this position, the support 30 is moved to the right as shown by arrow 43, causing the flange portions 35b and 36b to 30 embrace the opposite surface of the mold member while flange portions 35a and 36a are captured within slot portions 41b and 42b (the width w3 of the slots 41b and 42b are slightly less than the height h of the flanges 35b and 36b).

35 Slot portions 41b and 42b firmly lock

support 30 into position and the only way that the support can be removed is by breaking off flanges 35 and 36 or alternatively by moving support 30 in the direction of arrow 44 to return the flanges 35 5 and 36 to the region of flange portions 41a and 42a for removal.

The cover tab assembly 39, which is integral with the support 30, is comprised of cover tabs 39a, 39b similar in design and function to the 10 cover tabs 10g-1, 10g-2 provided as an integral part of insert 10, as shown in Fig. 2a. The cover tabs seal the larger width slot portions 41a, 42a in the manner shown in dotted fashion in Fig. 3.

As was previously described, it is 15 preferable to provide precision cut blanks having slot arrangements 41 and 42 at 120° intervals about the inner-mold member. Once the supports 30 are mounted in the fashion described hereinabove, the wire hoops are inserted into the support slots 31b. 20 It should be understood that a greater or lesser number of supports may be provided to support each hoop and, depending upon the height of the member being cast, the number of circular arrays may be modified. For example, Fig. 6 of application 25 Serial No. 08/853,515 referred to above shows the use of three reinforcement hoops at three different positions within the height of the cast member. A greater or lesser number may be utilized as a function of the height of the member being cast and 30 the structural strength desired.

The pairs of slots 41 and 42 utilized for mounting supports may be machined into the mold member or, alternatively, the slots may be formed in a rectangular-shaped blank B and the blank may 35 be inserted into an opening formed in the mold

member to accommodate blank B. Blank B is then joined, for example, by welding, to the mold member.

5 Although the supports 30 are preferably arranged to be supported by the inner mold member, as shown in Fig. 6, the supports may be joined to the outer mold member, if desired.

When the supports 30 are arranged so that the flanges 35b, 36b are in the dotted line 10 positions shown in Fig. 4, the cover tabs 39a, 39b occupy the positions shown in dotted fashion in Fig. 4 sealing the slots 41a, 42a to prevent seepage therethrough. When the supports are 15 properly positioned and the metal hoops are properly mounted, the cast material is poured into the mold assembly. The reinforcement flanges 32, 33 and 34 provide significantly increased 20 structural strength which is more than sufficient to withstand the concrete being poured into the mold. Once the mold is filled and the cast material has been set, the cast member is removed 25 from the mold assembly. During removal, flanges 35 and 36 easily break away from flange 30 in a manner similar to the broken flanges E shown in Fig. 1c.

25 Since the flanges 35 and 36 and specifically the flange portions 35a and 36b, are oriented substantially horizontally, their thickness and structural strength in the vertical 30 direction is minimal, enabling the flanges to easily break-away from support 30.

Fig. 5 shows a step 20' which differs from the step 20 shown in the Fig. 1c in that the step 20', and which is formed of suitable plastic material and is typically provided with a 35 reinforcing metallic frame embedded within the

plastic material, has legs 22a' provided with a tapered, conical-shaped tip 22a-1' which merges with a portion 22a-2' of generally cylindrical and yet slightly tapering shape which then merges with 5 a serrated portion 22a-3'. The serrated portion is made up of a plurality of individual annular flanges F, each of which has an inclined surface F1 which is inclined at an angle to a longitudinal center-line CL on a side of each flange and a 10 surface F2 which is substantially perpendicular to the center-line CL and which is on the side of each flange remote from the free end thereof. This design is such as to make it easier for insertion 15 of the legs 22a' into insert 20' whereas any effort or attempt to pull the legs 22a' out of an insert 20' is met with an increased frictional holding force, due to the "one way" design of the serrated portions 22a-3'.

Fig. 6 shows a cross-sectional view of 20 the step insert 20' for employment in the fabrication of assemblies made using the drycast method and Fig. 6a shows a top view of the insert looking in the direction of arrows 6a-6a of Fig. 6.

Any suitable drycast method capable of 25 utilizing hydraulically operated insert pins, may be employed with the present invention.

Making reference to Figs. 6, 6a and 7, the drycast method employs a core member 50 having a curved convex surface which serves to form the 30 interior surface of the cast member being formed by providing dry material in the region 51 between core 50 and outer jacket 52, which mold assembly has been shown in highly simplified fashion.

The core member 50 is provided with 35 circular-shaped openings 50a, 50b which are

precisely arranged so as to provide the proper relationship between openings formed in the cast member and the legs 22a' of the step 20'.

When the cast material reaches an appropriate level and has been sufficiently vibrated, tamped down and the like, a pin 54 is operated by suitable hydraulic means (not shown for purposes of simplicity) to project out of core 50 and into the casting material.

The pin assembly 54 has a cylindrical shape and is comprised of a first portion 54a of a first diameter integrally joined to a second cylindrical portion 54b having a diameter larger than portion 54a so as to form a shoulder 54c therebetween. A projection 54d is arranged at one point along shoulder 54c and extends in an axial direction along the smaller diameter portion 54a.

It should be understood that the pin assembly 54 shown is modified from conventional pins to provide the design shown incorporating the smaller diameter portion 54a, larger diameter portion 54b, ledge 54c and projection 54d.

The insert 60 shown in Figs. 6, 6a and 7 has a substantially circular cross-section and is comprised of a closed end 60a and an open end 60b. The outer periphery 60c is provided with a plurality of outwardly directed annular flanges 60d arranged at spaced intervals therealong. The closed end 60a also incorporates a flange 60e. Flanges 60d all lie within planes which are substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal center line or axis CL of insert 60. The outer surface 60d of closed end 60a is likewise substantially planar but is diagonally aligned relative to center line CL.

The open end 60b is provided with two alignment slots 60g, each of which is designed to receive the projection 54d of pin assembly 54 thereby assuring that the insert is aligned with 5 proper orientation upon pin assembly 54 as will be understood from the description set forth below.

Noting the right-hand insert 60 shown in Fig. 7, the insert is mounted upon the right-hand pin assembly 54 with projection 54d received within 10 slot 60g. The flange 60d located at the open end rests upon ledge 54c, as shown. In the position shown in Fig. 7, with the pin assembly 54 in the "ready" position and the insert 60 properly mounted and aligned thereon, it can be seen that the planar 15 surface 60f is substantially flush with the outer convex surface of core 50 and that the flange 60e serves to substantially completely seal opening 50b, preventing seepage of the casting material into the core assembly.

20 When the cast material has been duly and properly vibrated and compacted, the hydraulic mechanism (not shown) operating pin 54, moves the pin assembly 54 in the direction shown by arrow A1, urging the pin and the insert 60 mounted thereon 25 into the cast material so as to ultimately occupy the final position shown by the left hand-insert 60'. The pin assembly 54 is designed so as to cause the ledge 54c to enter into the cast material, whereby the open end of the insert 60' is 30 recessed into the cast member so that when the pin assembly 54 is withdrawn from the cast member into the mold core 50 there is no wiping action of the insert 60' against the core, thereby preventing both the core 50 and the cast member (together with 35 the insert) from being damaged.

The insert is provided with slot 60g at two (2) diametrically opposed positions in order to provide an insert of universal design. The manner of use is such that the slot 60g which receives 5 projection 54d aligns the insert 60 so that the diagonally aligned end 60f is flush with the concave surface of the core. By rotating the second insert 60', 180° relative to the first 10 insert and placing this insert 60 on the left-hand pin and so that the opposite slot 60g receives pin 54d, this assures that the diagonally aligned closed end 60f' is flush with a concave surface surrounding the left-hand opening 50a.

As can be seen from the embodiment shown 15 in Fig. 6a, the wall of the insert in the portion 60j as well as the closed in portion 60f, is of increased thickness to provide sufficient structural strength to enable the insert to retain 20 its shape as it is pushed into the cast material during the practice of the drycast method. Alternatively, the thickness may be regulated to enhance or decrease cycle time. The amount of material may be reduced by providing cavities in the insert.

25 In equipment used for the drycast method wherein the interior region containing the hydraulically operated pins 54 is easily accessible, the inserts may be placed upon the pins when they are in a retracted position such as the 30 left-hand pin 54 shown in Fig. 7. Alternatively, preparatory to insertion, vibration and tamping of the cast material, the pin assembly may be operated to extend into the region 51 whereupon the insert is placed upon the pin and properly aligned so that

the projection 54d is received by the appropriate slot 60g and thereafter retracting the pin assembly 54 to the "ready" position shown by the pin 54 in the right-hand position of Fig. 7.

5 Fig. 8 shows the insert 60" employed in the manufacture of cast members using the wetcast method. In the utilization of mold assemblies employed in the wetcast method, the internal mold member or core 56 is provided with a pair of
10 openings 56a, 56b similar to the openings provided in core 50 shown in Fig. 7. The insert 60" differs from the insert 60 (and 60') in that the closed end 60f", although being a planar surface, is aligned so as to be perpendicular to the center line CL of
15 the insert 60".

 The open end of insert 60" is further modified so that the flange 60d" immediately adjacent the open end lies in a plane which is diagonally aligned relative to center line CL. A
20 plurality of ears 60h are integrally joined to the insert adjacent to the flange 60d" and project away from the opening and are substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis CL. Each ear 60h has a substantially hooked-shaped configuration and each
25 ear is sufficiently flexible so that, as the ears are pushed into opening 56a, the inclined surfaces 60h-1 sliding engage the edge of the opening and cause the ears to be flexed substantially radially inwardly until the inclined surfaces 60h-1 clear the interior side of the opening, at which time the locking surface 60h-2 of each ear 60h grips a marginal portion of the inner mold member 56 surrounding opening 56a on the interior side of core 56 as the flexed ears return to their normal
30 unflexed position, whereby the insert 60" is locked
35

into position with the ears engaging marginal portions along the interior concave surface of core 56 while flange 60d" rests against a marginal portion surrounding the exterior convex portion of 5 the core 56 surrounding opening 56a. Flange 60d" prevents fines from entering into the interior of the mold member 56.

The insert utilized for both the left and right-hand positions i. e. for insertion into 10 the left and right-hand openings 56a, 56b, are identical in design to one another. The proper orientation of the inserts relative to the mold member 56 is obtained by rotating each insert so that the flange 60d" rests against the external, 15 curved convex surface of core 56. Thus, the insert inserted into the right-hand opening 56b is rotated 180° about its center line relative to the insert inserted into opening 56a so that the inserts are aligned with their longitudinal axes CL 20 substantially parallel to one another to assure proper alignment with the insertion portions of step 20' (see Fig. 5). The ears 60h are preferably aligned at equiangular intervals. Preferably, at least three (3) ears are provided at 120° 25 intervals. Alternatively four (4) ears may be provided arranged at 90° intervals. A greater number of ears may be provided if desired.

After the inserts are snapped into position the cast material is poured into the mold. 30 When the cast material has been set, the cast member is pulled out of the form, whereupon the ears 60h shear off as the cast member is removed from the mold. The ears 60a are of a strength sufficient to retain the inserts in position during

the casting operation and yet adapted to be easily sheared away from the main body of the insert when the cast member has been set and is pulled away from the mold.

5 The interior design of the insert 60" is substantially identical to the design of insert 60 to obtain the "one way" feature of the internal serrations for assuring the positive retention of the legs of the step within the inserts.

10 Testing has indicated that the inserts 60 and 60" are capable of withstanding as much as four (4) times the normal pulling force (1600 lbs. pulling force), the normal pulling force being of the order of 400 lbs. capability.

15 The two-piece insert assembly embodiment 70, shown in Fig. 9 is comprised of first and second hollow, cylindrical-shaped, molded, plastic members 72 and 74. Member 72 has open ends 72a and 72b. A flange 72c provided intermediate ends 72a and 72b lies in a plane which is diagonally aligned relative to the central axis CL. Two (2) slots 72d are arranged at 180 degree intervals about the end 72b of member 72 and extend inwardly from end 72b toward flange 72c. Another set of two (2) slots 72e are arranged at 90 degree intervals about the end 72a of member 72 and extend inwardly from end 72a toward flange 72c. However, the inward end of slots 72e terminate a spaced distance from flange 72c. If desired, the number of slots 72d, 72e may be three or even four or more slots arranged a egui-spaced intervals about the circumference of member 72.

30 The major portion of member 72 extending between and 72a and flange 72c has a plurality of individual annular flanges F', similar to the flanges F on the step 20', each of which has an

inclined surface $F1'$ which is inclined at an angle to a longitudinal center-line CL on a side of each flange and a surface $F2'$ which is substantially perpendicular to the center-line CL and which is on 5 the side of each flange remote from the end 72a. Alternatively, the surface $F1'$ may be aligned perpendicular to the central axis CL. This design is such as to make it easier for insertion of the end 72a into insert member 74, whereas any effort 10 or attempt to pull the insert member 74 out of insert member 72 is met with an increased frictional holding force, due to the "one way" design of the serrated or flanged portions F' .

Insert member 74 had a closed end 74a and an open end 74b. End 74a has a planar surface which is diagonally aligned relative to center line CL and terminates in an integral annular flange, similar to the embodiment 60 shown in Fig. 6. The exterior of member 74 is further provided with a 20 plurality of integral flanges 74c and 74c', all of which are planar and lie in planes forming right-angles with the center line CL.

The interior periphery of member 74 is provided with a plurality of inwardly directed, 25 annular flanges F'' , having an inclined surface $F1''$ which is inclined at an angle to the longitudinal center-line CL and a surface $F2''$ which is substantially perpendicular to the center-line CL and which is on the side of the flange 30 remote from the end 74b. This design is such as to make it easier for insertion of the end 72a into insert member 74, whereas any effort or attempt to pull the insert member 74 out of insert member 72 is met with an increased frictional holding force, 35 due to the "one way" design of the serrated or

flanged portions F' and F''.

The manner in which the insert assembly 70 is employed in the wetcast method will now be explained making reference to Fig. 10.

5 The core mold member 76 is provided with a pair of circular-shaped openings 76a, 76b. Step tubes 77, 78 are welded to the core member 76 in the manner shown. The end of each step tube joined to core 76 is defined by an edge which lies in a
10 plane that is diagonally aligned to the longitudinal axis of the step tube. Each step tube is aligned with its associated opening 76a, 76b.

Member 72' is inserted into opening 76a from the convex surface side of core 76 and enters 15 into step tube 77. The integral bead 72f at the open end 72b has an outer diameter which is greater than the inner diameter of opening 76a and step tube 77, causing the sides of member 72a to be pressed inwardly. The sides of member 72' are 20 yieldable due to the slots 72d. Member 72' is pushed into tube 77 until the flange 72c' engages the marginal portion of core 76 surrounding opening 76a. Member 74' is then pushed onto member 72. The slots 72e' enable the sides of member 72' to yield 25 while providing a good force-fit between members 72' and 74'. The one-way flanges F' and F'' make it easier to telescope member 74' onto member 72' while providing a snug fit as well as making it harder to pull members 72 and 74 apart.

30 Flange 72c' seals opening 76a preventing fines from entering into the opening 76a. It should be understood that an insert assembly 70'' can be mounted upon opening 76b in a similar fashion to that described above with regard to assembly 70.
35 Alternatively, member 74 may be telescopingly

mounted upon member 72 before member 72 is inserted into step tube 77.

When the insert assemblies have been properly mounted upon core 76, the casting material 5 is poured into the mold assembly. After the casting material has set, the cast member is pulled out of the mold assembly. Member 72 is scored in the region of flange 72c. The two substantially circular-shaped scored areas 72g, 72h respectively 10 located just below the annular projection F' closest to the diagonal flange 72c and just below the diagonal flange 72c, preferably are formed by reducing the thickness of the first member in these regions as shown in Fig. 9, to facilitate breaking 15 away of the portion of member 72 between diagonally-aligned flange 72c and the annular projection F' closest to flange 72c. The first member 72 thus breaks into three parts, so that the portion having the annular projections F' remains 20 inside of second member 74; the portion between the flange 72c and end 72b remains inside of the step tube 77 and the remaining portion intermediate the portions remaining inside member 74 and step tube 77 breaks free of the other two portions. The shear 25 line 72g is located so that the portion inside member 74 breaks into two parts, thereby simplifying its removal from member 74. The portion of the members 72 remaining in each step tube is also easily removed preparatory to the 30 molding of the next member to be cast. The intermediate portion falls free of the core member 76 and the cast member when it is removed from the mold assembly.

A latitude of modification, change and 35 substitution is intended in the foregoing

disclosure, and in some instances, some features of the invention will be employed without a corresponding use of other features. Accordingly, it is appropriate that the appended claims be 5 construed broadly and in a manner consistent with the spirit and scope of the invention herein described.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. Apparatus for producing wire reinforcement cast members comprising:
 - 5 a mold assembly having inner and outer walls forming a hollow space defining a member to be cast;
 - one of said inner and outer walls having elongated mounting openings;
 - 10 at least one support member having a main body portion and integral mounting means inserted into said openings and moveable to a position occupying only a portion of the mounting openings when properly slidably inserted therein;
 - 15 a wire reinforcement receiving portion in said main body portion for receiving and supporting a wire reinforcement;
 - at least a portion of said mounting means breaking away from the main body portion when 20 said cast member is separated from the mold assembly; and
 - 25 said mounting means including sealing flanges covering those portions of the mounting openings not occupied by said mounting means to prevent cast material inserted into the mold assembly from seepage therethrough.

2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said main body portion comprises a planar member having reinforcement flanges arranged along upper and lower edges thereof to respectively for a T-shaped configuration at said upper end and an inverted T-shaped cross-section along said lower end.

3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein
said support member wire holding portion comprises
an opening near an end of said main body portion
opposite the end of the main body portion to which
5 said projection is joined, said opening
communicating with an upper edge of said support
member to facilitate insertion of a wire
reinforcement into said opening.

10 4. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein
said opening has overhanging projecting portions
which extend over a portion of said opening, said
overhanging projecting portions being integral with
the upper flange of said main body portion.

15 5. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein
said mounting means comprise a pair of L-shaped
mounting flanges integrally joined to one end of
said main body portion.

20 6. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein
said one end of said main body portion is provided
with an integral reinforcement flange forming a T-
shaped cross-section with said main body portion.

25 7. The apparatus of claim 6 wherein
said mounting means comprise L-shaped flanges
integrally joined to said reinforcement flange.

30 8. The apparatus of claim 7 wherein
said L-shaped mounting flanges each have a portion
extending through openings in said one mold member
which are of a thickness sufficient to prevent
being broken during insertion of cast material and
35 yet being thin enough to easily break away from the

main body portion when the cast member is separated from the said one mold member.

9. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein
5 the main body portion is tapered from the mounting end to a free end thereof.

10. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein
10 said mounting openings comprise a pair of slots each having first slot portions of a width sufficient to receive outer mounting flange portions of the L-shaped flanges, ends of each of said first slot portions communicating with second slot portions of reduced width, whereby, when the 15 flanges of the support member are moved to slide into the second slot portions, the L-shaped flanges of the support member are secured to said one mold member, said sealing flanges covering said first slot portions when the mounting flange portions are 20 inserted in said second slot portions.

11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein
said pair of slots are provided in a member which is mounted within an opening in said one mold member,
25 said opening having a shape conforming to the perimeter of said member.

12. The support member of claim 1 wherein
30 said opening for receiving said wire reinforcement has an overhanging portion whereby when a wire reinforcement is pressed against a side wall of said opening, said wire reinforcement is positioned beneath said overhanging portion.

35 13. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein

said wire reinforcement opening comprises a substantially U-shaped holding member arranged near an end of said main body portion opposite said one end.

5

14. An apparatus for producing cast members having step inserts embedded therein comprising;

10 a mold assembly having inner and outer walls forming a hollow space defining a member to be cast;

one of said inner and outer walls having mounting openings;

15 at least one insert member having a body portion and integral mounting means inserted into said support openings and moveable to a position occupying only a portion of the mounting openings when properly slidably mounted therein;

20 at least a portion of said mounting means breaking away from the main body portion when said cast member is separated from the mold assembly;

25 said main body portion being hollow and open at one end for force-fittingly receiving and supporting a projection of a step member; and

30 said mounting means including sealing flanges covering those portions of the mounting openings not occupied by said mounting means to prevent cast material inserted into the mold assembly from seepage therethrough.

15. Apparatus for forming a cast body, including a mold assembly having inner and outer mold members defining a hollow mold space 35 therebetween, wherein one wall of one of said mold

members is provided with elongated rectangular-shaped openings, each opening having a width along one portion thereof which is narrower than a width along a remaining portion for slidably receiving a 5 step insert member to be embedded into said cast body, said step insert member comprising:

10 a one-piece elongated hollow molded plastic body having a first open end and a second sealed end;

15 first and second pairs of resilient flanges integrally joined to said body adjacent said open end and extending in a direction perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of said body;

20 said first pair of flanges being substantially coplanar and being spaced a predetermined distance inward from said first pair of flanges, said first and second pairs of flanges cooperating to embrace opposite surfaces of a marginal portion of said one mold member and surrounding said openings to maintain the step insert member in proper alignment;

25 said second pair of flanges being slidably inserted into the wider width portions of said openings and slidably moved into the narrower width portions;

30 at least one flange of said first pair of flanges having a flange portion sealing said wider width portions of said openings when said first pair of flanges are positioned in said narrower width portions to prevent seepage of cast material poured into said mold assembly.

35 16. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein at least a portion of said second pair of flanges are broken away when the member cast in said mold

assembly is lifted out of the mold assembly.

17. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein
the hollow interior of said step insert force-
5 fittingly receives and supports a projecting arm
forming part of a step for said cast member.

18. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein
said flange portion comprises first and second
10 covering portions for respectively sealing said
first and second openings.

19. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein
said elongated openings are formed in a blank which
15 is welded into an opening in said one mold member
provided for said blank.

20. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein
said step insert member is formed of a plastic
20 material.

21. An insert adapted to be embedded in
a cast member for force-fittingly receiving a leg
portion of a step, said insert being comprised of :

25 a hollow, substantially cylindrical-
shaped elongated housing having an open end and a
closed end;

30 one of said ends and having a flange
lying in a plane diagonally aligned with a
longitudinal axis of said housing;

another one of said ends having a flange
lying in a plane perpendicular to said longitudinal
axis;

35 an interior surface of said housing
having a portion thereof being provided with a

plurality arranged at intervals and annular projections extending radially inward;

each projection having tapering cross-section defined by a first surface diagonally 5 aligned with and longitudinal axis and facing the open end and a second surface perpendicular to said closed end.

22. The insert of claim 21, further 10 comprising a plurality of ears integrally joined at the open end of said housing and projecting away from the housing;

said ears being adapted to flex when a 15 force is applied thereto; each ear having a hooked-shaped configuration and cooperating with a flange adjacent said open end to embrace a marginal portion surrounding an opening in a support member for retaining the insert on the support member.

20 23. The insert of claim 22 wherein said flange at said another one of said ends covers said opening to prevent seepage therethrough.

25 24. The insert of claim 21 wherein said housing is provided with a plurality of annular flanges integral with and extending radially outwardly from said housing and spaced along the housing for retaining the insert in place when 30 embedded in a cast member.

25. The insert of claim 21 wherein said closed end has an annular flange integral with said housing and extending radially outward therefrom to 35 seal in opening in a mold core preparatory to

insertion of the insert into a cast material.

26. The insert of claim 21 wherein a portion of said housing adjacent to said closed end and said closed end has a thickness which is chosen to provide additional structural strength to withstand forces encountered by said insert when injected into a cast material and also to regulate cycle time.

10

27. In combination, an insert and a reciprocatable pin assembly for receiving said insert for insertion into a casting material, said insert comprising:

15 a hollow, substantially cylindrical-shaped, elongated housing having an open end and a closed end;

20 one of said ends and having a flange lying in a plane diagonally aligned with a longitudinal axis of said housing

another one of said ends having a flange lying in a plane perpendicular to said longitudinal axis;

25 said pin assembly having a first cylindrical-shaped portion of a first diameter;

30 a second cylindrical-shaped portion of a second diameter less than said first diameter, one end of said second portion being integrally joined to one end of said first portion, forming an annular ledge at the juncture thereof; said ledge lying in a plane perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of said pin assembly;

35 said pin assembly second portion being inserted into said insert through said open end with said open end resting on said ledge;

said pin assembly having an integral projection arranged on said ledge and extending along said second portion toward a free end thereof;

5 said insert having at least one slot extending inwardly from said open end for receiving said projection for aligning said insert on said pin assembly.

10 28. A method for producing in a mold assembly a cast member having openings for receiving the legs of a step and employing a pin assembly and insert comprising:

15 (a) providing a pin assembly, said pin assembly having a first cylindrical-shaped portion of a first diameter;

20 a second cylindrical-shaped portion of a second diameter less than said first diameter one end of said second portion being integrally joined to one end of said first portion, forming an annular ledge at the juncture thereof; said ledge lying in a plane perpendicular to individual axis of said pin assembly; said pin assembly having an integral projection arranged on said ledge and extending along said second portion toward a free end and thereof;

25 (b) providing an insert having a hollow substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having an open end and a closed end;

30 one of said ends and having a flange lying in a plane diagonally aligned with a longitudinal axes of said housing

35 another one of said ends having a flange lying in a plane perpendicular to said longitudinal axis; said insert having at least one slot

extending inwardly from said open end for receiving said projection for aligning said insert on said pin assembly.

5 (c) placing said insert on said pin assembly second portion by inserting said second portion through the open end of said insert;

(d) sliding the insert onto said second portion until said open end engages said ledge;

10 (e) rotating said insert on said pin to align said insert so that said slot receives said projection;

(f) projecting said pin assembly through an opening in said mold assembly and into casting material in said mold assembly;

15 (g) withdrawing said pin assembly from the casting material, whereby said insert remains properly positioned in said casting material.

29. The method of claim 28 wherein step
20 (e) further comprises moving the pin assembly to align the closed end of the insert to lie flush with a wall surrounding the opening in said mold assembly through which the insert and pin assembly is projected, to seal said opening during insertion
25 of the casting material and prior to projection of the pin assembly and insert into the casting material.

30. An insert assembly adapted to be
35 embedded in a cast member for force-fittingly receiving a leg portion of a step, said insert assembly being comprised of:

first and second members adapted to be telescopingly mounted to one another;

35 said first member being a hollow,

substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having first and second open ends and an integral annular flange intermediate said first and second ends, said flange being diagonally aligned to a 5 longitudinal axis of said first member;

 said first member being slotted on opposite sides of said flange to enable said member to yield and flex when pressed inwardly;

 said second member being a hollow, 10 substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having a first closed end and a second open end;

 said open end of said second member being telescopingly mounted upon one end of said first member, whereby the second member forces the 15 end of the first member inserted into the open end of said second member to flex inwardly, to provide a snug force-fit therebetween.

31. The insert assembly of claim 30 20 wherein said second member is provided with a plurality of outwardly extending integral flanges arranged at spaced intervals therealong to enhance embedment of the second member in a cast member.

25 32. The insert assembly of claim 30 wherein the closed end of said second member is provided with an annular flange lying in a plane diagonally aligned with a longitudinal axis of said second member.

30 33. The insert assembly of claim 30 wherein an interior surface of said second member has a portion thereof being provided with a plurality of annular projections extending radially 35 inward; and

each projection having tapering cross-section defined by a first surface diagonally aligned with and longitudinal axis and facing the open end and a second surface perpendicular to said 5 closed end.

34. The insert assembly of claim 30 wherein said first member is provided with score areas adjacent one side of said diagonally-aligned 10 flange to facilitate breaking away of the first member from said second member.

35. The insert assembly of claim 30 wherein said first member is provided with a plurality of outwardly directed annular flanges for gripping an interior surface of said second member, the surfaces of said flanges being inclined so that it requires less force to telescopingly mount the second member onto the first member than is 20 required to pull the first and second members apart.

36. The insert assembly of claim 30 wherein said second member is provided with an inwardly directed helical annular flange for gripping an exterior surface of said first member, the surface of said helical flange being inclined so that it requires less force to telescopingly mount the second member onto the first member than 30 is required to pull the first and second members apart, said helical annular flange also serving to form a snug press-fit with a leg of a step member insertable therein.

35 37. A method for embedding inserts in a

cast member, said inserts being comprised of an assembly of first and second members adapted to be telescopingly mounted to one another;

5 said first member being a hollow, substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having first and second open ends and an integral annular flange intermediate said first and second ends, said flange being diagonally aligned to a longitudinal axis of said first member;

10 said first member being slotted on opposite sides of said flange to enable said member to yield and flex when pressed inwardly;

15 said second member being a hollow, substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having a first closed end and a second open end;

 said open end of said second member being capable of being telescopingly mounted upon one end of said first member, said method comprising the steps of:

20 (a) providing a mold assembly including an annular-shaped core member having a pair of openings and a pair of tubular members joined to the core member and each being aligned with one of said openings and extending inwardly from a concave surface of said core member;

25 (b) inserting one end of said first member into a convex surface side of said core member and into one of said step tubes, whereby said step tube urges the inserted end of the first member to flex inwardly and thereby provide a snug force-fit, said first member being pushed into said step tube by a distance sufficient to move said diagonally-aligned flange into engagement with a marginal portion of said core surrounding the 30 opening in said core; and

(c) telescopingly mounting said second member onto an end of said first member extending outwardly from the convex surface of said core, whereby said second member urges the inserted end of the first member to flex inwardly and thereby provide a snug force-fit therebetween.

38. The method of claim 37 further comprising providing score areas on said first member adjacent to said diagonally-aligned flange to enable the first member to easily break away from said second member when cast material, which is poured into the mold assembly, has set and the cast member is pulled out of the mold.

15

39. A method for embedding inserts in a cast member, said inserts being comprised of an assembly of first and second members adapted to be telescopingly mounted to one another;

20

substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having first and second open ends and an integral annular flange intermediate said first and second ends, said flange being diagonally aligned to a longitudinal axis of said first member;

said first member being slotted on opposite sides of said flange to enable said member to yield and flex when pressed inwardly;

30 said second member being a hollow, substantially cylindrical-shaped elongated housing having a first closed end and a second open end;

35 said open end of said second member being adapted for being telescopingly mounted upon one end of said first member, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a mold assembly including an annular-shaped core member having a pair of openings and a pair of tubular members joined to the core member and each being aligned with one of 5 said openings and extending inwardly from a concave surface of said core member;

(b) telescopingly mounting said second member onto an end of said first member, whereby 10 said second member urges the inserted end of the first member to flex inwardly and thereby provide a snug force-fit therebetween; and

(c) inserting another end of said first member into a convex surface side of said core member and into said step tube, whereby 15 said step tube urges the inserted end of the first member to flex inwardly and thereby provide a snug force-fit, said first member being pushed into said step tube by a distance sufficient to move said diagonally-aligned flange into engagement with a marginal portion of said core surrounding the opening in 20 said core.

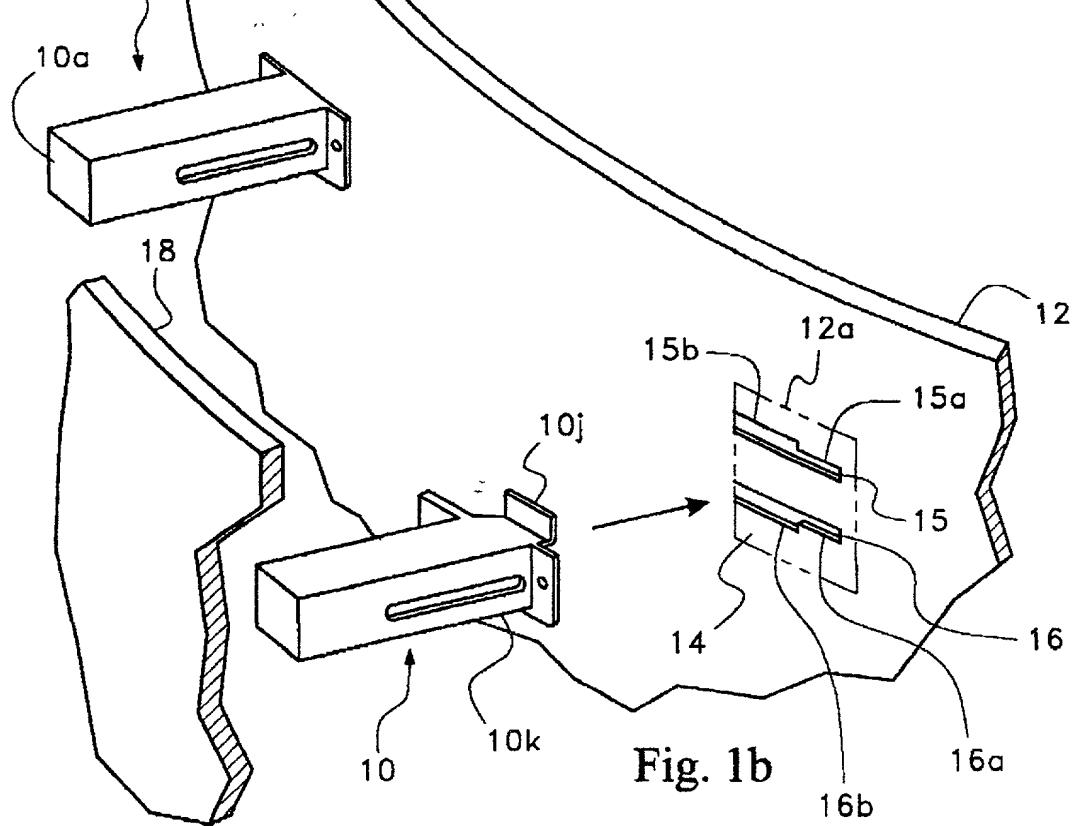
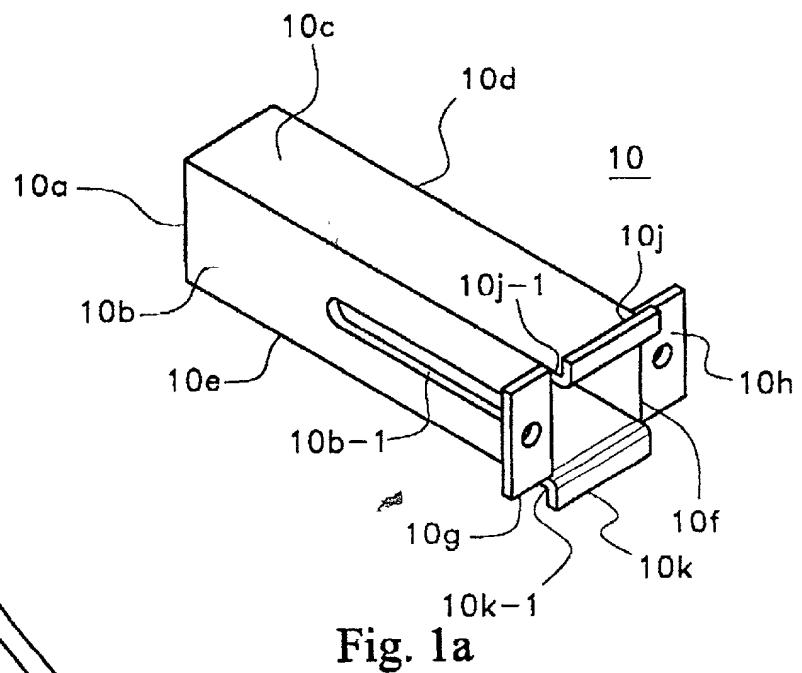
40. The method of claim 39 further comprising providing score areas on said first member adjacent to said diagonally-aligned flange to enable the first member to easily break away 25 from said second member when cast material, which is poured into the mold assembly, has set and the cast member is pulled out of the mold.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Method and apparatus for forming cast members. Steps are provided in the cast member by sliding mounting flanges of hollow plastic step inserts into slots provided in the inner mold shell. The cast material is then poured into the mold. Once the cast material has set, the cast member is withdrawn from the mold assembly. The step insert mounting flanges are broken away, leaving hollow step inserts into which manhole steps are force-fittingly mounted. The inserts are provided with integral cover tabs which cover larger slots provided to facilitate insertion of the step inserts, preventing leakage of the cast material into the mold assembly. Integral cover tabs are similarly provided on enforcement ring support members mounted in a similar fashion to insertion slots provided on one of the mold members to cover larger width slot portions to prevent seepage of cast material. Similar seals are provided by cylindrical-shaped inserts for use in wetcast and drycast fabrication methods.

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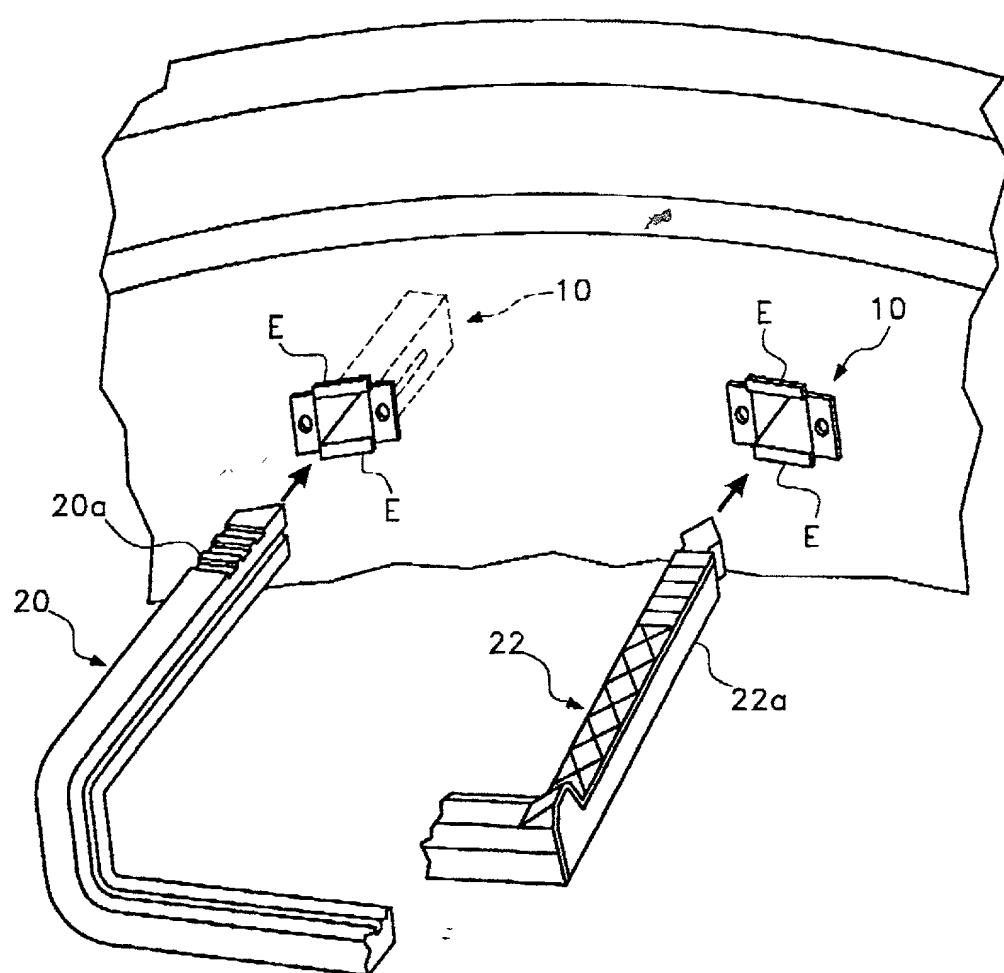


Fig. 1c

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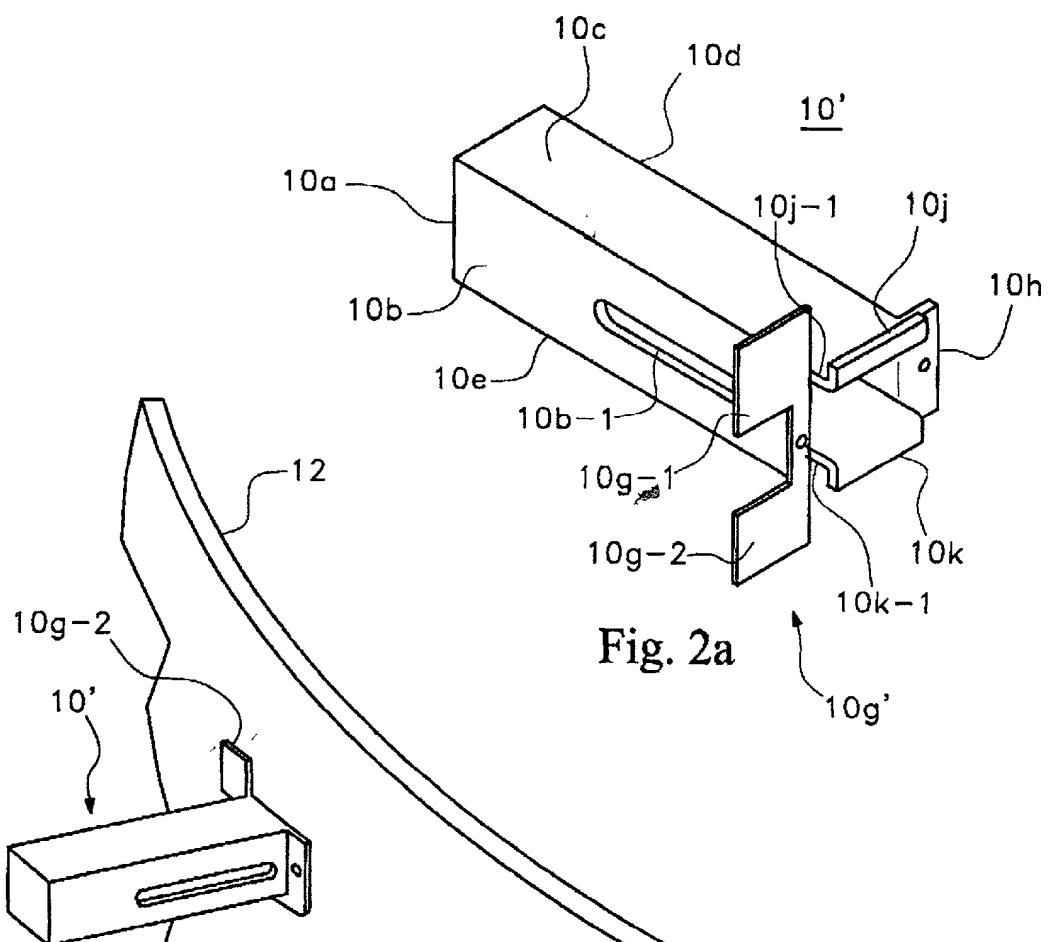


Fig. 2a

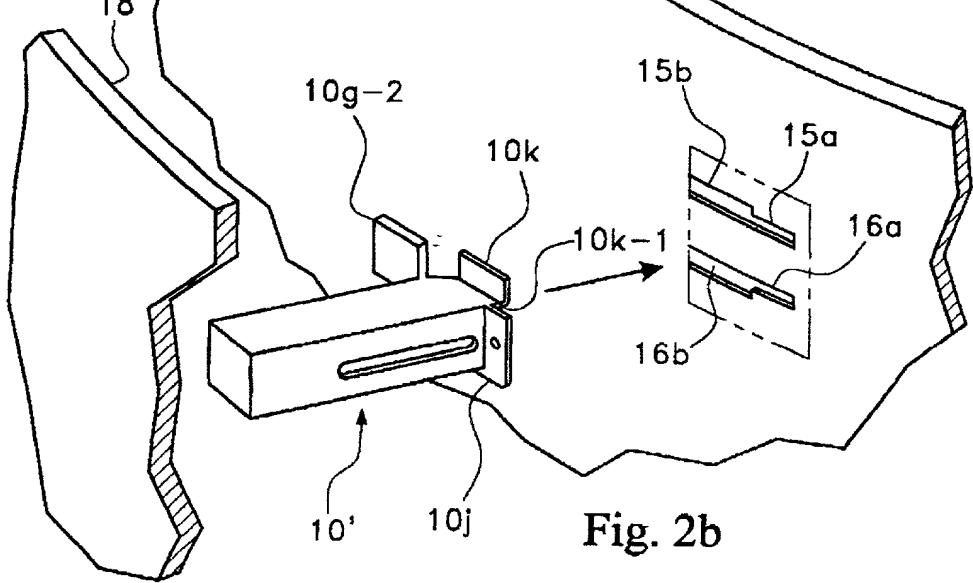


Fig. 2b

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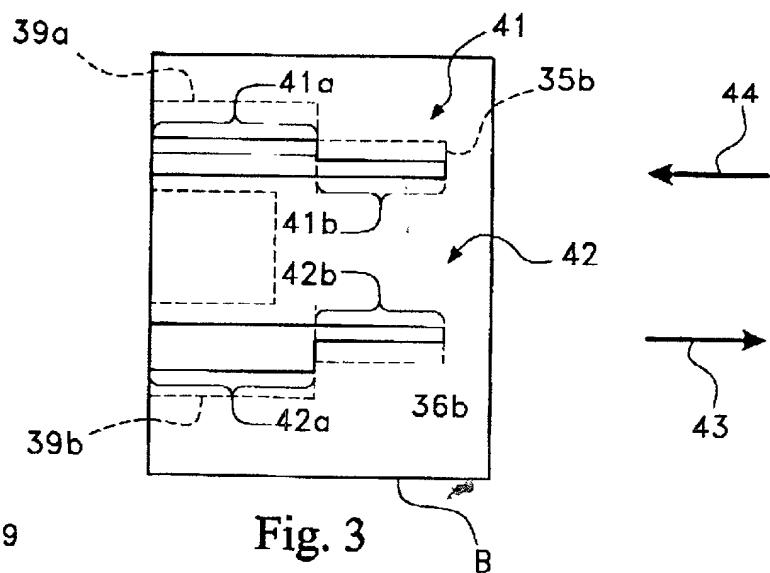


Fig. 3

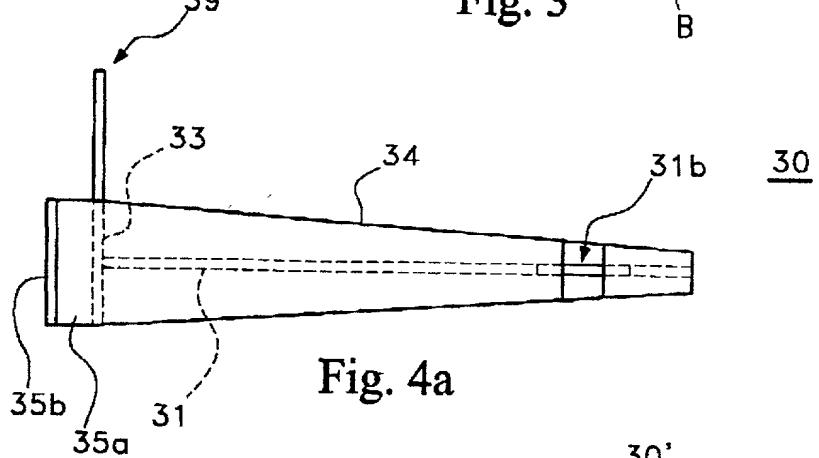


Fig. 4a

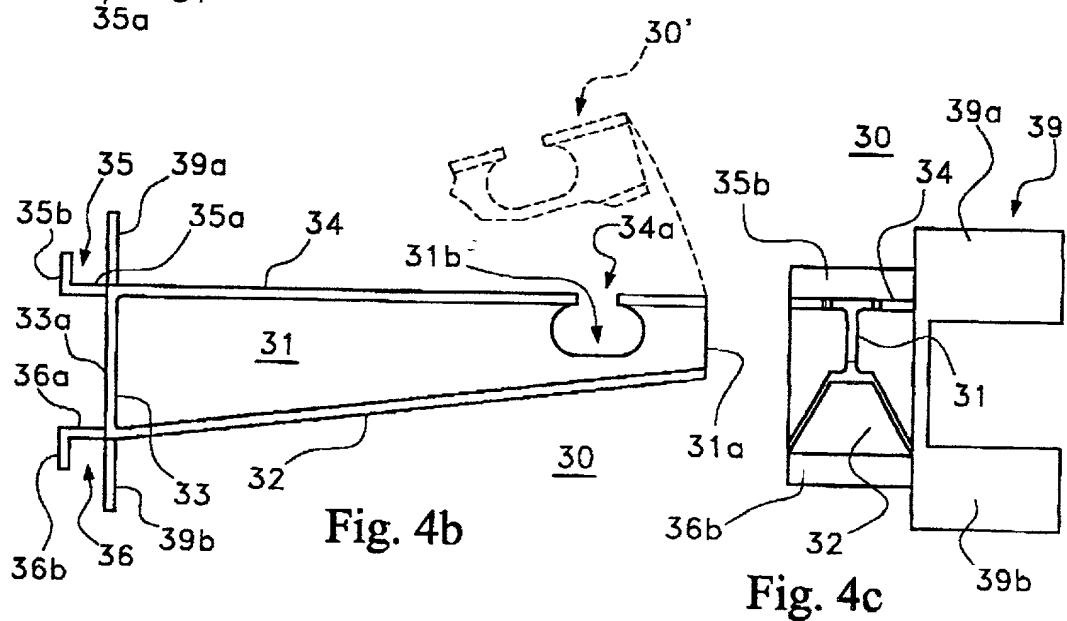
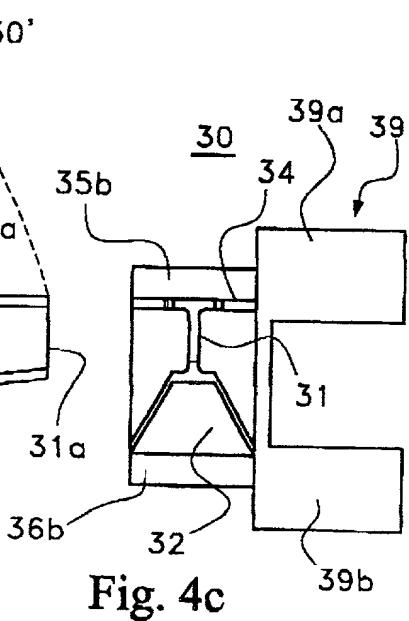
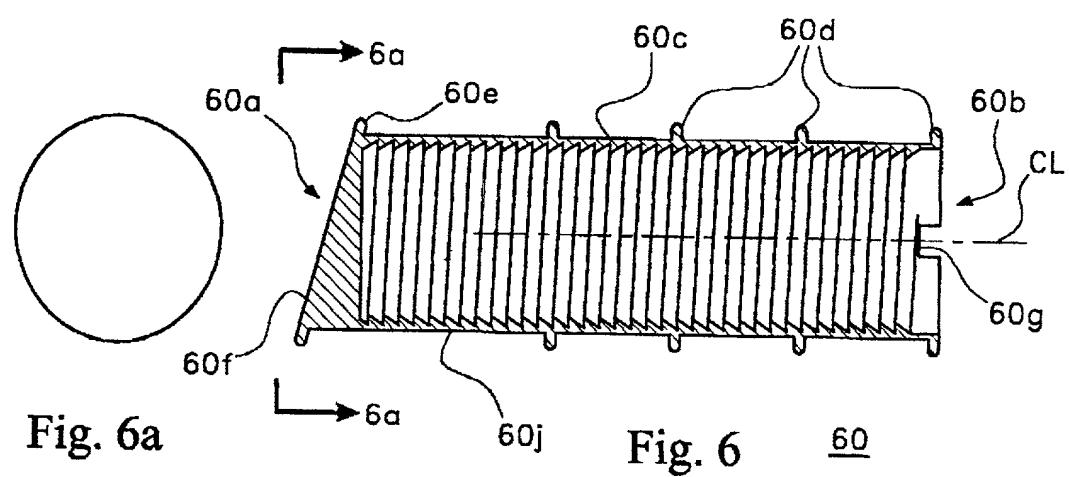
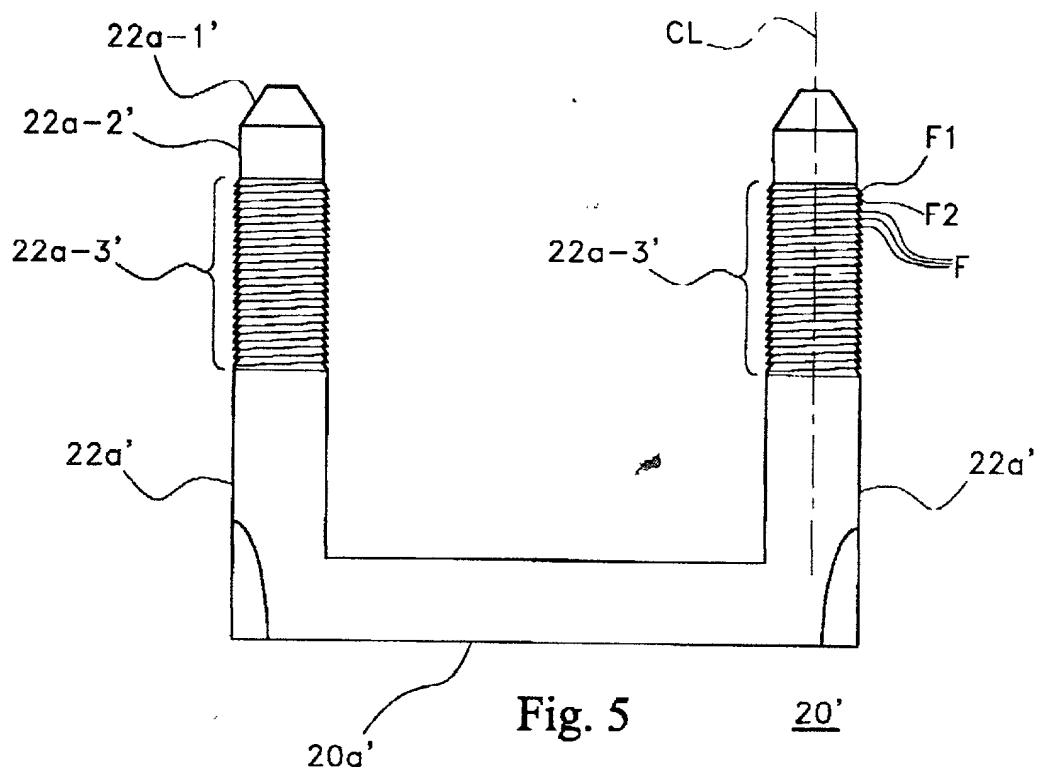


Fig. 4b

Fig. 4c



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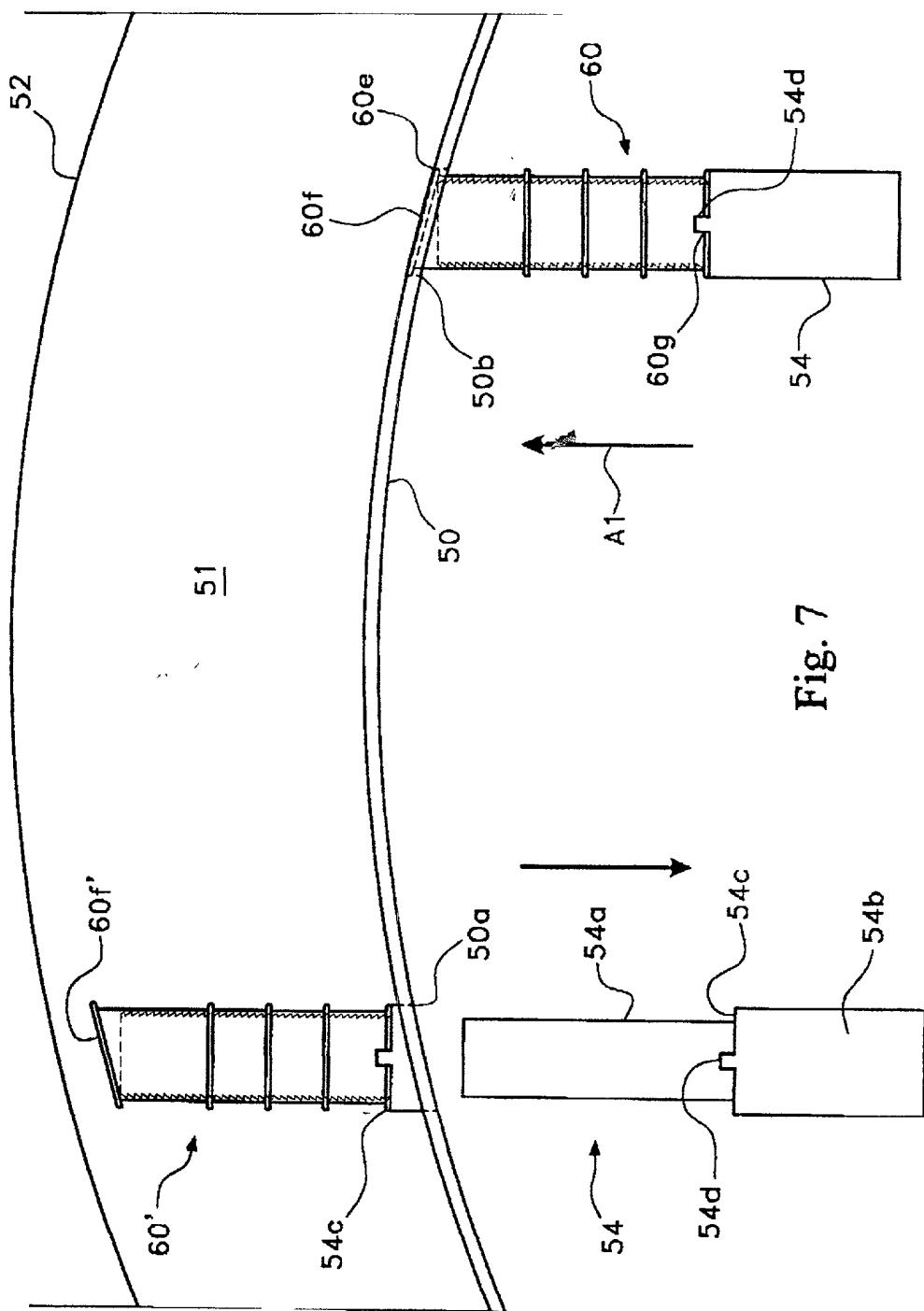


Fig. 7

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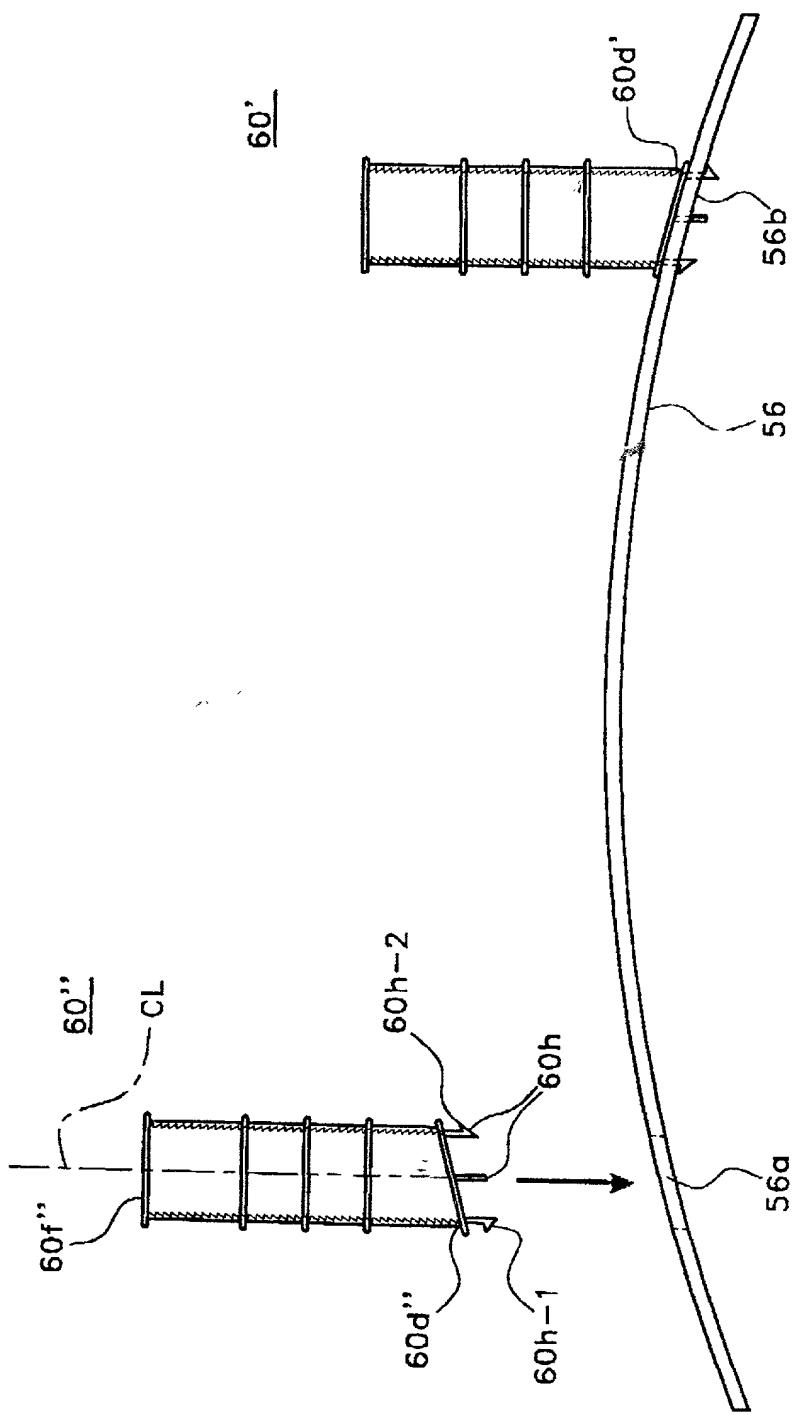
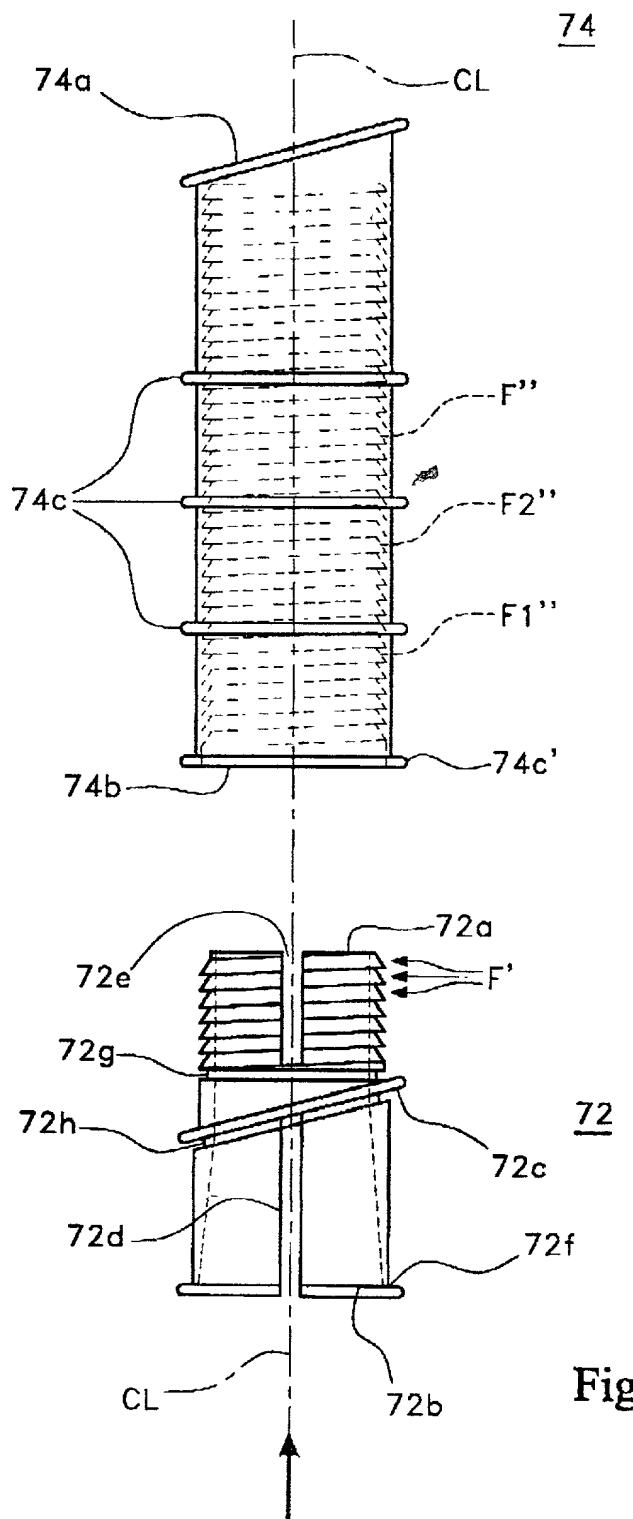


Fig. 8

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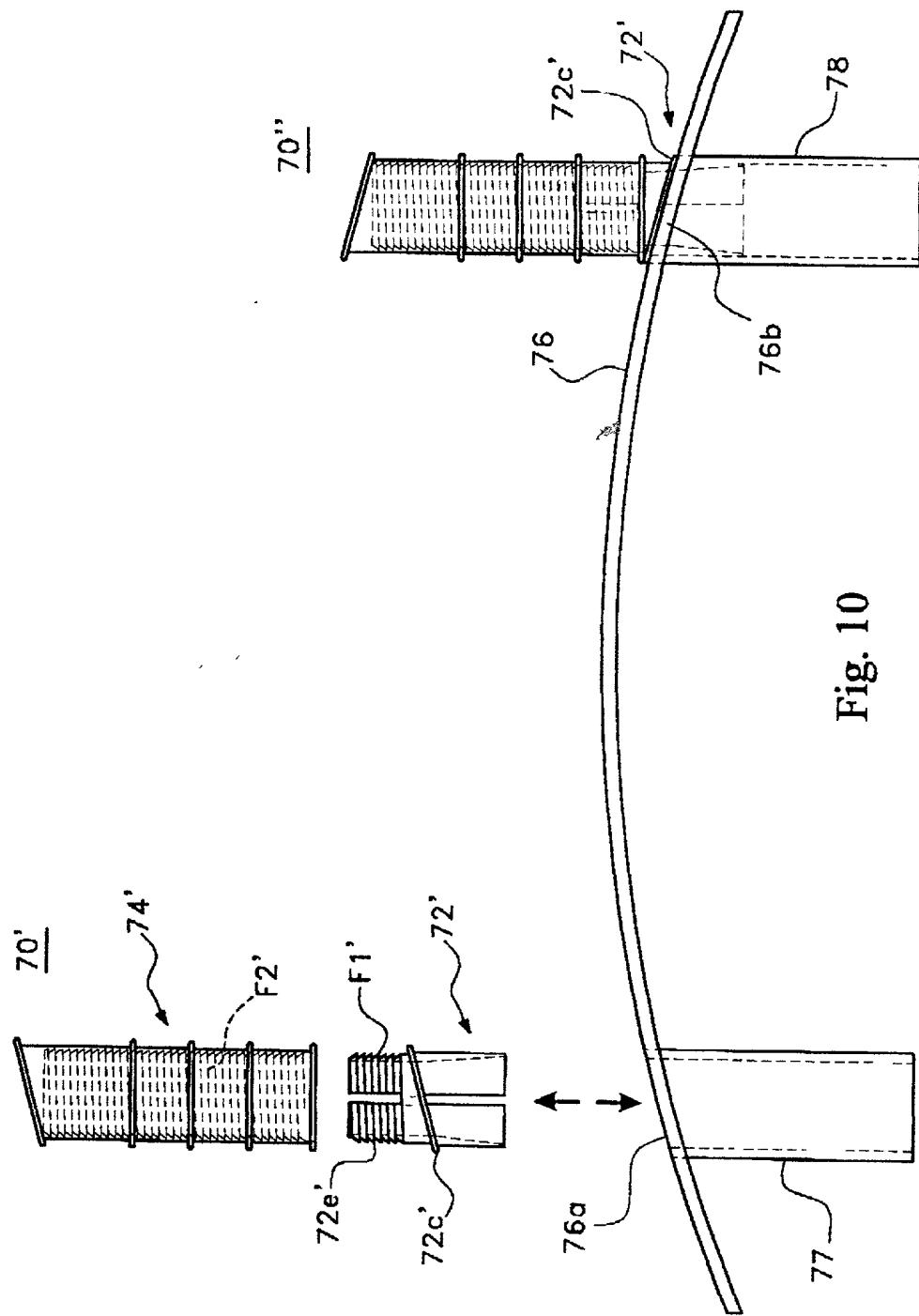


Fig. 10

DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **MANHOLE STEP INSERT FOR PREVENTING SEEPAGE DURING MANUFACTURE OF A CAST MEMBER AND TO PROVIDE A STEP INSERT HAVING INCREASED STRUCTURAL AND HOLDING STRENGTH** the specification of which:

(check one) X is attached hereto.

_____ was filed on _____
as App.Ser.No. _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign
Priority
Application(s)

Claimed

Number	Country	Day/Month/Year	Yes	No
Number	Country	Day/Month/Year	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of the application:

<u>60/100,234</u>	<u>September 15, 1998</u>	<u>Provisional</u>
Application	Filing Date	Status -
Serial Number		(patented, pending, or abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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Weinstein & Kimmelman
The Bellevue, Sixth Floor
Broad Street at Walnut
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Inventor's
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Citizenship: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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Full Name of Second
Joint Inventor: JAMES A. KELLY

Inventor's
Signature: J. Kelly Date: 9-9-99

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Upper Black Eddy, Pennsylvania 18972

Citizenship: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Post Office Address: same as above

APPLICANT OR PATENTEE: JAMES A. WESTHOFF AND
JAMES A. KELLY

SERIAL NO. OR PATENT NO.: _____

FILED OR ISSUED: _____

FOR: MANHOLE STEP INSERT FOR PREVENTING SEEPAGE DURING
MANUFACTURE OF A CAST MEMBER AND TO PROVIDE A STEP INSERT
HAVING INCREASED STRUCTURAL AND HOLDING STRENGTH

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING
SMALL ENTITY STATUS 37 CFR 1.9(f) AND 1.27(c)
SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that with regard to the small business concern identified below I am:

NAME OF CONCERN: POLY-TEC PRODUCTS, INC.

ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 697 Main Street,
Tullytown, PA 19007

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under 35 USC 41(a) and (b) in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this Statement (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention entitled **MANHOLE STEP INSERT FOR PREVENTING SEEPAGE DURING MANUFACTURE OF A CAST MEMBER AND TO PROVIDE A STEP INSERT HAVING INCREASED STRUCTURAL AND HOLDING STRENGTH** by inventors James A. Westhoff and James A. Kelly described in

(X) the specification filed herewith
() application serial no. _____, filed _____
() patent no. _____, issued _____

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having the rights to the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e). *NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

() INDIVIDUAL () SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN
() NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file in this patent application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate.
(37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING James A. Westhoff

TITLE OF PERSON SIGNING President

ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING Poly-Tec Products, Inc.
697 Main Street
Tullytown, PA 19007

SIGNATURE James A. Westhoff DATE 9.9.99